

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, May 1, 1915.

ARTICLES WHOSE EXPORT IS PROHIBITED BY THE NEUTRAL EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.

[Corrected according to the latest available information.]

BULGARIA.

Bran.
Cattle.
Corn.
Flour.
Fuel.
Horses.

Mules.
Petroleum.
Potatoes.
Provisions.
Vegetables.

DENMARK.

Air tubes and covers.
Aluminum.
Ammunition.
Anilin.
Antimony.
Apothecary articles.
Apparatus. (Instruments for manufacture of weapons or ammunition.)
Arms.
Arms and ammunition:
 Arms.
 Ammunition.
 Explosives.
 Gunpowder.
 War material.
 Weapons of all kinds.
Automobiles.
Bags, empty cotton or jute.
Bandages and material for Denmark.
Barbed wire.
Barley.
Beans.
Belting leather.
Benzine.
Benzol.
Boards.
Bran.
Brass plates, bars, old brass.
Bread. (All kinds.)
Buckwheat.
Cabbages.

Cables.
Carrots.
Cattle.
Cattle feed.
Cereals.
Chemicals:
 Magnesium.
 Nitrate of sodium.
 Nitric acid.
 Sulphur.
 Sulphuric acid.
Chrome.
Clover seed.
Coal.
Coal tar dyes.
Coke.
Copper.
Copper ores.
Copra.
Corn.
Cotton bags.
Cotton thread.
Cotton yarns.
Cottonseed cake.
Dressings.
Dried huckleberries.
Drugs. (All kinds.)
Dynamite.
Earthnuts.
Electric cables.
Explosives, and materials for manufacture of.

Feedstuffs (including oil cakes, hay, straw, malt germs, crushed soya beans, bran, offals of grain, all carrots, all turnip cabbages, peas (for cooking as well as for feeding), beans and lentils, grain, malt, potatoes (except potatoes accompanied by a certificate issued by the Ministry of Agriculture's inspection for contagious plant diseases), flour (including bread of all sorts), and groats (including majzena, sago, rice, and buckwheat).	Lumber.
Ferro manganesi.	Machinery and instruments for manufacture or repair of weapons or material for war.
Fertilizers. Artificial.	Magnesium.
Flaxseed.	Malt germs.
Flour. (Including breads of all sorts.)	Malts.
Foodstuffs.	Manganese.
Forage.	Margarin.
Fuel.	Meats (fresh).
Gasoline.	Medicinal products.
Gloves.	Medicinals.
Glycerine.	Motor vehicles.
Goats.	Nickel. (Unwrought and ore.)
Gold. Gold and silver, coined or in bars (including foreign coins of gold and silver, silver rolled out, and gold in leaves. Travelers may, however, carry gold and silver coins not exceeding kr. 200 in value).	Nitrate of sodium.
Grain.	Nitre.
Grain, waste and sweepings.	Nitric acid.
Graphite.	Offals of grain.
Groats. (Shredded grain.)	Oil cake.
Gunpowder.	Oils (lubricating).
Haematite iron ore.	Oils, vegetable. (For the manufacture of margarin.)
Harness, saddles. (Unless 30 per cent added to value of articles by home manufacturer.)	Oleomargarine.
Hay.	Peanuts.
Hemp.	Peas. (For cooking or feeding.)
Hides. Raw, salted, prepared.	Petroleum (and other oils).
Hogs (live).	Planks.
Horses.	Potatoes. (May export to U. S. from certified potato fields.)
Hospital supplies.	Powder.
Huckleberries (dried).	Pyrites.
Hypodermic syringes.	Rags. (Woolen, half woolen, or shoddy.)
Inflammable oils.	Raw materials for repair or construction of vessels or arms.
Instruments and apparatus which are solely made for the manufacture of ammunition, for the construction or repair of weapons, and materials for warfare on land or sea.	Raw rubber.
Iron. Haematite, silicon, chrome ores.	Resin.
Iron plates covered with tin or zinc.	Rice.
Iron pyrites.	Riding and draught animals.
Jute, raw, manufactured, and sacks.	Ropes. (Yarns for manufacture thereof.)
Lard.	Rubber (raw).
Lead.	Sacks. (Cotton and jute, and jute material suitable for making bags.)
Leather. (Except goat.)	Saddles. See harness.
Leather belting.	Sago.
Lentils.	Seeds (clover).
Linseed.	Seeds.
Linseed oil.	Sesame seeds.
Logs.	Shoddy.
Lubricants.	Silicon.
	Silver. (Coined or in bars.)
	Skins. (Calf, if over 8 kilos salted.)
	Skins. (Dressed, except goatskins.)
	Skins. (Lamb and sheep.)
	Soya beans.
	Steel.
	Straw.
	Sulphur.
	Sulphur pyrites.
	Sulphuric acid.
	Surgical bandages and dressings.
	Syringes (hypodermic).

Thermometers.
 Timber.
 Tricot, woven and knitted.
 Turnips.
 Turpentine.
 Turpentine oil.
 Twist for cleaning, and material for bandages.
 Underwear.
 Vaseline.
 Vegetable oils, stearins, for use in manufacture of margarin.
 Vegetables.
 Vehicles (motor).
 War material.
 Waste (white).
 Weapons of all kinds.

Wire (barbed).
 Wood.
 Wool. (Sheep—lamb.)
 Woolen drawers.
 Woolen gloves.
 Woolen goods. (Except material suitable for curtains or furniture coverings.)
 Woolen; half woolen; underwear and clothing.
 Woolen socks.
 Woolen undervests.
 Woolen waste. (Rags—shoddy.)
 Woolen yarns.
 Worsted yarns.
 Worsted waistcoats, drawers, socks, gloves for men.
 Zinc. (In plates or bloeks.)

GREECE.

Arms.
 Beer.
 Benzine.
 Butter.
 Carbines.
 Cartridges for Mannlicher Schonahauser, Bulgarian Manu-
 licher, Turkish Mauser, Grass Martini, Mauser Mar-
 tini.
 Cartridge cases for rifles and big guns in general.
 Cartridges for Bayer and Colt revolvers. Models: 73 and 93.
 Cattle.
 Cereals.
 Cheese.
 Coal.
 Coffee.
 Feed.
 Field glasses.
 Flour.
 Fodder.
 Gold. (Coin and bullion.)

Harness for artillery and cavalry.
 Leather in general.
 Live stock.
 Moneys of gold. Ingots of gold.
 Oil.
 Oxen.
 Petroleum.
 Preserves.
 Rice.
 Rifles.
 Revolvers—Bayer and Colt—73 and 93 models.
 Shoes, army.
 Soda.
 Sugar.
 Sulphate of copper and sulphur in general.
 Swords. (For cavalry and artillery.)
 Telephone accessories.
 Wheat.
 Wool.
 Woolen yarns.

ITALY.

Acetic acid and acetates.
 Acetone.
 Acids.
 Acorns. (Olive grounds and any other product fit for
 cattle food, including by-products of the grinding of
 cereals of all kinds.)
 Aeroplanes. (And parts thereof.)
 Alimentary pastes and preserves. (See Macaroni.)
 Alum.
 Aluminum.
 Amiaht and articles therefrom.
 Ammonia, sulphate of, and ammoniacal salts.
 Animal foodstuffs.
 Antimony (regulus of).
 Arms and ammunition:
 Cannon.
 Carbines.

Aroff and glumes of rice.
 Asbestos (and works of).
 Asses.
 Automobiles.
 Bacon.
 Barbed wire.
 Barley.
 Beans. (Canned or otherwise preserved.)
 Beef.
 Benzine.
 Biscuit. (Sea.)
 Bone fat.
 Bones and bone dust.
 Bovine animals.
 Bran.
 Brass.
 Bread.

Bronze.	Garments.
Bullion.	Gas cylinders.
Buttons. (For use of Army only.)	Gasoline.
Cables. (Of high pressure.)	Glycerine.
Cacao in grains.	Gold. (Coin and bullion.)
Cakes. (Nut and of other materials.)	Grain. (Except millet.)
Candles, stearin.	Grape seeds.
Carbide of calcium.	Grating cheese.
Carbines. (See also Arms.)	Greases. (Fish and fish oil.)
Carbolic acid.	Guns.
Carubs.	Gutta-percha. (Raw.)
Cast-iron scrap.	Hardtack.
Castor oil. (For industrial use.)	Hay.
Cattle.	Hematite and other iron ores.
Cements.	Hides. (Raw except tanned and raw kid and lamb skins.)
Ceresin.	Horses.
Cereals.	Hulls.
Cheese. (Except hard cheese, in same proportions as last year.)	Iron. (Cast, pig, scrap.)
Chemical fertilizer.	Lamb.
Chromo salts.	Lard.
Chemicals:	Lead.
Acetone.	Leather.
Antimony. (Regulus of.)	Legumes, dried.
Glycerine.	Linen cloth.
Nitric acid.	Lubricants.
Picric acid.	Lumber. (Especially that for aeronautical construction.)
Silicon.	Macaroni. (Alimentary pastes.)
Sodium carbonate.	Machine tools.
Sodium nitrate.	Maize.
Sulphuric acid.	Manganese and ore.
Sulphuric anhydrides.	Meats (fresh).
Chestnuts.	Meats (in boxes).
Chrome.	Medical instruments and articles.
Clothing.	Medicinals.
Cloths. (And materials for the manufacture thereof.)	Metallic minerals.
Coal.	Moneys.
Coffee.	Motors for airships. (For every kind of vehicle, including airships.)
Colophony and other resins.	Mules.
Copper.	Mutton. (Canned or otherwise prepared.)
Corn.	Nickel (and its alloys).
Cotton cloth. (And materials for the manufacture thereof.)	Nitrate of potassium.
Cyanamid of calcium.	Nitric acid.
Cylinders for compressed gas.	Nutcake.
Dirigibles.	Oats.
Eggs.	Oil.
Equipment for troops.	Oil, castor, fish. (For industrial use.)
Farina.	Oil. (Fish oil, palm oil.)
Fecula.	Oil seeds.
Ferrometallic alloys.	Oilskins.
Fertilizer, chemical.	Oils. (Resinous.)
Fish and fish fats.	Olive husks (salted).
Fish, fresh, pickled, or otherwise preserved.	Paraffin.
Fish grease, oil.	Peas.
Flint.	Petroleum.
Flour.	Phenic acid.
Foodstuffs for animals.	Pickles.
	Picric acid.

Pigeons (live).
 Pigs.
 Portable railways.
 Potatoes.
 Poultry.
 Pyrites.
 Rags.
 Railways, portable.
 Raw hides, goats, sheep.
 Raw materials for the manufacture of cloths or linen.
 Rice.
 Rope (steel).
 Rubber (crude).
 Rubber goods. (Except rubber articles for sanitary purposes.)
 Rye.
 Salicylic acid.
 Sanitary material.
 Seeds. (Oil, grape.)
 Semolinas, and other fine wheat meals.
 Sheep.
 Sheep fleece.
 Sheet iron.
 Sheet tin.
 Silicon.
 Skins, dressed. (Except tanned raw kid and lamb skins.)
 Sodium carbonate.
 Sodium nitrate.
 Stearin candles.

Steel, and scrap steel.
 Steel ropes.
 Straw.
 Sugar. (Does not include sugar of milk, "Lattosio.")
 Sulphate of aluminum.
 Sulphuric acid.
 Sulphuric anhydrides.
 Surgical instruments and articles.
 Swine.
 Tallow, vegetable and animal.
 Tanning materials.
 Tar.
 Tin.
 Turpentine.
 Vaseline.
 Veal.
 Vegetables. (Fresh, dried.)
 Vehicles. (Except bicycles and motor cycles.)
 Wagons.
 Wheat.
 Wheat meals. (Fine.)
 Wire, iron.
 Wood.
 Wood paste.
 Wool. (Raw.)
 Woolen waste.
 Woolen yarns.
 Worsted goods.

NETHERLANDS.

Acetone.
 Aether.
 Alcohol.
 Almond substitute.
 Alpaca hair.
 Ammonia, hydrosulphate of.
 Ammonium carbonate.
 Ammunition.
 Antimony regulus.
 Antimony (regulus of).
 Arms and ammunition:
 Ammunition.
 Explosives.
 Lime.
 Powder.
 Arrowroot.
 Automobiles and bodies, and accessories, including tires.
 Bacon. (Bellies, dry, salted, smoked, and fresh.)
 Barbed wire.
 Barley.
 Beans.
 Beef, fresh, smoked, unless with special permit.
 Benzine.
 Bicycles.
 Blankets.
 Bone dust.

Bone meal.
 Bones.
 Bread.
 Briquets. (Except charcoal briquets.)
 Buckwheat.
 Butter.
 Calcium acetate.
 Calcium nitrate.
 Camel hair.
 Camphor.
 Carriages.
 Cassava flour.
 Cattle.
 Cattle feed.
 Cereals.
 Cheese.
 Chemicals:
 Acetone.
 Aether.
 Alcohol.
 Ammonium carbonate.
 Antimony regulus.
 Antimony (regulus of).
 Calcium acetate.
 Calcium nitrate.
 Chili saltpeter.

Chemicals—Continued.

- Chloride of lime.
- Explosives (liquid).
- Glycerine.
- Lime, nitrogen.
- Natrum.
- Nitrate of sodium.
- Nitric acid.
- Potash.
- Soda.
- Sodium nitrate.
- Sulphuric acid.
- Chili saltpeter.
- Chicory, including roots.
- Chloride of lime.
- Cloth, military, and articles made from same.
- Clothing. (Men's waistcoats, or woolen undervests, woolen drawers, woolen socks, woolen gloves.)
- Coal. (Fit coal, except the necessary quantities for bunkers.)
- Cocoa (and cocoa beans).
- Coffee.
- Coffee substitute.
- Coins, foreign, of gold and silver. Travelers may carry not over kr. 200.
- Coke.
- Copper, alloys. Oxide sulphate.
- Corn.
- Cornmeal.
- Cotton seed, oil cake, and meal.
- Cotton thread.
- Cotton waste.
- Dextrine.
- Ether.
- Ethereal oils. (Some exceptions.)
- Explosives (liquid).
- Fats. (Melted and unmelted, from beef as well as from pork, and all mixtures of edible fats.)
- Fecula and products.
- Fertilizers (nitrogenous).
- Fish oil (hardened).
- Flannel, and underwear made from same.
- Flax, and refuse of.
- Flour.
- Fodder.
- Food products. (Those made from barley, buckwheat, maize, oats, rye, spelt, and wheat, except beer, biscuits, bread, cake (all kinds), corn oil, gin, macaroni-malt wine, powder, pudding, wafers, yeast).
- Fowl. (Live and dead.)
- Fruits (siliculous).
- Fuel. (Liquid, patent.)
- Furs.
- Glucose or grape sugar.
- Glycerin.
- Gold (coin and specie).
- Grain.
- Grain waste and sweepings.
- Grease.
- Grits.
- Groats (shredded grain).
- Ground-nut cake and meal.
- Guano.
- Gypsum or plaster.
- Hams (fresh or smoked).
- Hay.
- Hides. (Except furs.)
- Horses, including colts and geldings.
- Hospital supplies.
- Hydrosulphate of ammonia.
- Instruments.
- Jute, raw, manufactured, and sacks.
- Kerosene and crude oils used for motors.
- Lead (and lead alloys).
- Leather. (Except belts and belting.)
- Leguminous plants, fruits of.
- Lime, nitrogen.
- Linen thread.
- Linseed.
- Liquid explosives.
- Livestock.
- Lubricants.
- Lupine seed.
- Machine oil and grease.
- Magnesium salts.
- Meats (fresh).
- Meats contained in tins.
- Medicaments and wound-dressing material.
- Medicinals. (All articles for dressing wounds, except: Theobromide, diuretinum, sulphate of quinine, quinine salts, and the combinations of quinine-alkaloids, the bark of quinine and the products made of the bark of quinine, cocaine, and cubeb.)
- Mine supports.
- Mohair.
- Molasses.
- Motorcycles and accessories.
- Naphtha.
- Natrum.
- Needles for knitting machines.
- Nitrate of sodium.
- Nitric acid.
- Nitrogenous lime.
- Oats.
- Oil. (Cotton seed, ethereal, fish.)
- Oil seed. (All seeds for extracting oil except: Canary seed, caraway seed, mustard seed, and poppy seed.)
- Oils, lubricating.
- Palm kernels.
- Patent fuel.
- Peanuts.
- Peas.
- Petrol.
- Petroleum and residues.
- Pigs.
- Pigsfeet and heads, pickled.
- Plated metal plates and rolls.

Pork products.	Stomachs of calves.
Potash. (Caustic and carbonate of. Lye—potassium salts.)	Straw.
Potatoes.	Sugar.
Potato flour.	Sugar beets and pulp.
Potato sago.	Sulphuric acid.
Potato starch.	Superphosphates.
Powder.	Surgical instruments and of glass and porcelain and articles.
Provisions containing meat in tins.	Tapioca and like products.
Pulp.	Tanning materials and tanning extract.
Pyrites.	Tea.
Rags, except cotton.	Thread, mixed of jute, cotton, linen, wool.
Rape seed. (Cake and meal.)	Thread (cotton hemp).
Regulus of antimony.	Threads (linen).
Rennet preparations.	Threads (woolen).
Rice.	Timber for mines.
Rice flour.	Tires.
Rosin.	Tires. (Rubber, for and on bicycles.)
Rubber waste.	Tolvol.
Rye. (Also rye flour.)	Turpentine and substitutes.
Sacks. (Empty.)	Vaseline.
Salt.	Vegetables in brine, except pearl onions, cucumbers, cauliflower sprouts.
Saltpeter.	Vehicles (horse).
Sauerkraut.	Vetches.
Sausages.	Vitriol.
Seeds. (Grass, clover, hemp, lupine.)	Waistcoats.
Sheep (live).	Waterpipes of lead.
Sheep fleece.	Waterpipes of tin.
Sheet metal. (Including decorated sheet metal, parts of sheet-metal plates, sheet metal under elaboration, and completed sheet-metal packing receptacles.)	Wearing apparel worn, except baggage.
Shellac.	Wheat.
Siliculose fruits.	Wool. (Artificial, raw, washed, and refuse.)
Sirup.	Woolen blankets.
Soap (soft), yellow or green.	Woolen drawers.
Soda.	Woolen gloves.
Sodium nitrate.	Woolen, half woolen, underwear and clothing.
Soya beans.	Woolen refuse.
Spelt.	Woolen socks.
Spelter or zinc.	Woolen undervests.
Starch.	Worsted goods.
	Worsted waistcoats, drawers, socks, gloves, for men.
	Zinc or spelter.

NORWAY.

Aluminium, unelaborated, except that produced in Norwegian works and accompanied by a certificate of origin.	Batteries (dry) for incandescent electric lights.
Aluminium refuse.	Benzol. (See Coal-tar dyes.)
Aluminium worked up into plates, strips, tubes, bars, rings, and wire, together with castings.	Bicycle tires.
Ammunition.	Bottles, empty.
Anilin. (See Coal-tar dyes.)	Brass. (See Copper.)
Aspen timber.	Caoutchouc (gum elasticum) in a raw state and in semi-elaborated articles.
Automobiles.	Carbon tips for searchlights and arc lights.
Automobile tires.	Cattle (live).
Balata, crude and partially worked up.	Ceresine.
Barbed fence wire (barbwire).	Charcoal.
	Chick-peas.
	Chloride of potassium and other potassium salts.

Coal.

Coal-tar dyes and organic intermediate products for the production of coal-tar dyes (such as anilin, naphthol, naphthylamin, naphthylaminsulfo acids, benzol, cresole, and cresole preparations, including creolin and lysol, salicylic acid, etc.).

Coke.

Copper, unworked, except Norwegian production, copper alloy with low-grade metals, unworked copper waste and copper containing alloy, copper and copper alloy with low-grade metals, worked plates, bands, rods, twisted wire, wound wire, bowl-formed subjects for cartridge manufacture, bolts, nuts, nails, pipes, form pieces, thread, ropes, cables insulated wrapped with or without design, insulating material, molded articles.

Copper sulphate.

Creolin. (See Coal-tar dyes.)

Cresole. (See Coal-tar dyes.)

Cresole preparations. (See Coal-tar dyes.)

Dental material, apparatus, instruments.

Dynamite caps.

Electromagnetic ignitors for motors unattached.

Electrical machinery of every kind, except that manufactured in Norway and accompanied by a certificate of origin.

Fence wire (barbed).

Foodstuffs, except fish and fish goods, condensed milk, butter, cheese, berries, game, poultry, eggs, coffee, and spices. (Excepted from the embargo is also that which is needed for the use of a ship on an impending voyage.)

Goats (live).

Gold, elaborated and unelaborated, coined and uncoined. (Gold worked up into ornaments or useful articles may, nevertheless, be exported.)

Gum elasticum. (See Caouchouc.)

Guttapercha, crude and partially elaborated.

Herring meal. (See Raw materials.)

Hides and skins, together with products thereof.

Horses (live).

Horseshoes.

Iodin.

Jute, raw, and products and refuse therefrom.

Jute linen (gunny). (The embargo does not include jute linen (gunny) which is used for packing or which otherwise enters as an insignificant component part of an article.)

Lead.

Liver meal. (See Raw materials.)

Lubricants, wholly or partially produced from solid or liquid mineral oils.

Lysol. (See Coal-tar dyes.)

Margarin and raw products for margarin manufactures.

Machinery suited for the preparation of ammunition.

Machinery, electrical. (See Electrical machinery.)

Medical material apparatus and instruments.

Medicines, all kinds, including raw iodine and iodine.

(The embargo includes all the substances mentioned in Lists A and B of the royal mandate of August 29, 1908, relating to the trade in poisons and drugs, and also the following substances mentioned in List C: Absolute alcohol, citric acid and its salts, tartaric acid and its salts, colloidum, chemically pure hydrochloric acid, chemically pure sulfuric acid, milk sugar, formaldehyde solution and other formaldehyde preparations, Peruvian balsam, wool grease (all kinds), vaseline, and vaseline oil.)

Mineral oils.

Motors of over 15 horsepower, which are constructed for a greater revolutionary speed than 600 revolutions per minute and which at the same time have a weight of under 25 kilograms per horsepower.

Motor boats, in which such motors are installed.

Naphthol. (See Coal-tar dyes.)

Naphthylamin.

Naphthylaminsulfo acids.

Nickel, unelaborated, excepted that produced in Norwegian works and accompanied by a certificate of origin.

Nickel ore.

Oil:

Arachide.

Castor.

Cocoa.

Cotton.

Hempseed.

Lubricants (entirely or partly produced of vegetable oils or vegetable greases, resinous greases, bonefat).

Maize.

Mineral.

Olive.

Palm.

Palm kernel.

Petroleum grease.

Rapeseed.

Sesame.

Soya.

Turpentine, except of Norwegian origin.

Ozocerite.

Paraffin wax.

Peat.

Raw iodine.

Raw materials. (Herring meal, whale-meat meal, and liver meal come among others under the embargo, but not whale guano and fish guano.)

Reindeers (live).

Resin.

Rubber refuse.

Sacks, empty.

Salicylic acid. (See Coal-tar dyes.)

Sheep (live).

Skins. (See Hides.)

Ski runners.

Skis.

Silver, elaborated and unelaborated, coined and uncoined.

(Silver worked up into ornaments or useful articles may, nevertheless, be exported.)

Sulphur and flowers of sulphur.

Surgise material, apparatus, instruments.

Mine (line).

Tanning substances.

Tin, crude, rolls, bars, raspings.

Tinplate, decorated.

Tin, etc.—Continued.

Tinplate, worked into articles.

Tinplate packing.

Tinplate sheets and parts thereof.

Tires for automobiles and bicycles.

Turpentine oil, except of Norwegian origin.

Veterinary material, apparatus, and instruments.

Weapons and parts thereof.

Whale-meat meal. (See Raw materials.)

Wool and woolen goods, including all kinds of wool refuse, both in a ground and unground state.

TRANSITORY PROVISIONS.

As regards the transit carriage of goods whose exportation is forbidden, the Department of Agriculture, in accordance with paragraph 5 of the law of August 18, 1914, has ordered for the time being that goods from abroad which come to Norway and are consigned to a foreign market shall be permitted to be sent on without a special permit. On the contrary foreign goods consigned to a Norwegian market can not be exported without permission from the Department of Agriculture (Foreign Office), even if they are intended to be sent on.

Foreign Office, March 1, 1915.

PORTUGAL.

Automobile accessories and tires.

Cattle.

Cereals.

Food stuffs. (Except fresh, dried, or preserved fruits, sardines, wines.)

Fuel.

Medicinal products.

Rice.

Sugar.

Vegetables.

Wool, unmanufactured.

ROUMANIA.

Animals for transportation purposes.

Automobiles.

Barley.

Beans.

Carriages.

Cereals.

Coal.

Farm products for animals.

Firarms, except sporting goods.

Flour.

Gold. (Coin, and in all forms.)

Grain. (Consumed by herbiferous animals.)

Handles for shovels and axes, wooden.

Hay.

Hides. (Raw or tanned.)

Horses.

Munitions for cannon, guns, rifles, revolvers, etc., shells for cartridges, explosives, wicks.

Oats.

Oxen.

Peas.

Petroleum. (Residues.)

Rye.

Shot and lead to be melted, but not the lead articles, as pipes for water and others.

Skins. (Raw or dressed.)

Smokeless powder as well as black powder.

Sulphuric acid.

Swords, sabers, bayonets, except those used in fencing.

Telegraph and telephone apparatus.

Vehicles.

Wagons.

Wheat.

Wireless telegraph apparatus.

Wooden handles for shovels and axes.

Woolens (of every description).

SPAIN.

Alumina, sulphate of.

Beans, white and colored.

Cattle.

Chick peas.

Coal, mineral.

Copper, sulphate of.

Corn.
Eggs.
Ferromanganese.
Flour of wheat.
Fowls, living or dead.
Jute, raw.
Lentils.
Meat, fresh.
Money, gold and silver.
Nitrate of sodium.
Oil of whale, seal, and cod-liver.
Potash.
Potatoes (except spring and early).
Seeds, flax and other oleaginous, including coconut.

Sulphur.
Tow and linen yarns.
Wheat.
The Spanish export tax of 10 per cent declared in 1913 is maintained and the shipment abroad of the following articles will be taxed per 100 kilograms (220.4 pounds) as below:
Bacon.
Barley.
Ham and salt pork.
Potatoes, spring or early.
Rye.
Wool, combed, washed or carded, yarn.
Wool, Australian. Reexportation prohibited.

SWEDEN.

Coal: Anthracite, gas coal and coke coal, steam coal, others, peat, charcoal, briquettes of coal, of peat; other fuel, not specially mentioned. (Not retort coal, unworked.)
Live animals: Colts under 1 year, stallions, other horses.
Lard: Natural, artificial, exclusive of that which proves to be of Swedish origin.
Grain, unground: Rye, wheat, barley, peas and beans for human food; peas, oats, vetches, soya beans, and other kinds of peas and beans; vetches, soya beans, other beans, peas, pelushes, other peas; malt, also crushed corn; ground flour and groats, as well as flour of arrowroot and other vegetables which can not be referred to any other heading; flour, oat, wheat, barley; corn, rye, other; groats, oat, wheat, barley, others.
Rice: Unshelled or only released from the outer shell; ground, groats, flour.
Groats, not specially mentioned: Tapioca, others; macaroni and vermicelli.
Potato starch (potato flour).
Bran: Oats, wheat, corn, rice, rye, other.
Straw (hay).
Potatoes of the harvest of the current year and coming in during the period February 15 to June 30; other unprepared, cut and dried.
Oil cakes: Cottonseed cakes, hempseed cakes, earthenut cakes, linseed cakes, rape and rape cakes, soya-bean cakes, sunflower-seed cakes, others, cakes pressed of cornmeal, acorns, ground or unground, arachides or earthenuts.
Forage, not specially mentioned, such as draff and wash grains, gluten fodder, flour of corn cakes and other oil cakes and corn-germ flour even if mixed with animal substances; gluten fodder, molasses fodder, flour of corn cakes and other oil cakes and corn-germ flour, even if mixed with animal substances, others.
Ipecacuanha root, rhizoma veratri (prust root, white), and senega root.
Digitalis leaves and senna leaves.
Bread, not specially mentioned; dogs' bread, other kinds.
Sulphite spirit.

Hides and skins, which can not be classed as furs, unprepared, of cattle, fresh or salted, uncleaned weighing more than 14 kilograms apiece, and all cleaned or divided, dried or prepared with lime; not trimmed, weighing more than 3 kilograms apiece, and all trimmed or divided.
Hides and skins, which can not be classed as furs, dressed or partly dressed included, sole leather, walrus and rhinoceros hides; the best parts (trimmed) of sole leather, hemlock, of other sole leather, other kinds, leather for machine beltings, whole or half hides or pieces thereof; sole leather, hemlock, other kinds, in-soled leather, walrus and rhinoceros hides, other kinds, in pieces weighing at least 1 kilogram net; colored, lacquered, other kinds.
Pieces of leather and skin, stamped or cut out but not otherwise prepared. Not specially mentioned, of sole or in-soled leather, backs of horse hides or parts thereof, other kinds lacquered, of gold or silver leather; other kinds, leather for shoe uppers, other kinds, with exception of strips of leather which may be classed under this heading.
Tar sewn footwear for men.
Saddlers' goods, also of textile material and other products of leather or skin not specially mentioned even in combination with other materials, such as harness, saddles, crops, whips, razor strops, etc., also fencing and boxing gloves, whatever the nature of the material.
Furs: Not dressed, of dogs, reindeer, wolves, or common sheep; dressed, loose, of dogs, reindeer, wolves, or common sheep; dressed, sewn together and partly finished articles such as lining of dogs, reindeer, wolves, or common sheep; completed articles of fur as covering or lining, such as caps, muffs, coats, fur coats, cloaks and carriage aprons of dogs, reindeer, wolves, or common sheep.
Lumber, unworked, of asp
White wood bark, china bark, and bark not specially mentioned, for tanning.
Skis and staves.
Ski staves.

Silk for surgical purposes.

Sheep's wool, undyed, combed, other kinds, dyed, combed, other kinds.

Cattle hair.

Artificial wool (shoddy and mungo), undyed, dyed; wool waste, so-called wool dust included, dyed or undyed.

Woolen yarn containing at least 10 per cent wool.

Woven blankets of wool.

Fabrics of wool, also in combination with other textile material, with the exception of silk. (Free are: Press cloth, machine felt, endless or round woven for factory purposes; carpets, velvet and plush; rugs, not specially mentioned (except blankets of wool); double woven, not in combination with other textile materials, bleached or unbleached, weighing 100 gr. or less per meter; cloth for suits weighing 300 gr. or more per square meter and containing threads altogether or partially of silk, provided the silk represents at the most 3 per cent of the cloth's entire weight.) Prohibited are: Other kinds not specially mentioned, weighing more than 500 gr. per square meter.

Woolen stockings for men.

Woolen gloves for men.

Jackets for men, other than underclothing, of stocking-machine goods.

So-called Island jackets, sewn or unsewn.

Flax: Unhackled, hackled; hemp, unhackled, hackled; jute, waste of flax, hemp, or jute; oakum, flax, hemp, oakum.

Yarn of jute, without mixture of other textile material; single, unbleached and undyed, bleached, dyed, or printed, with two or more threads; with 5 mm. diameter or less, unbleached and undyed, bleached, dyed, or printed; more than 5 mm. in diameter.

Fabrics of jute, without mixture of other textile material, sack and packing cloth, unbleached and undyed, which on a surface of 2 cm. square contain altogether a maximum of 15 warp and weft threads; more than 15 warp and weft threads; other kinds.

Fabrics of wool, other kinds, not specially mentioned, weighing more than 500 gr. per square meter, cut out or stamped, but without sewing.

Woven blankets of wool, also hemmed or edged.

Bags of sack cloth, evidently used.

Bags of sack cloth, not evidently used, other than so-called drop bags.

Rubber, gutta-percha, and balata, unworked, also so-called regenerated rubber.

Products of soft rubber: Tires, solid, also in lengths; inner tubes; other products of soft rubber, not specially mentioned, of rubber only or in combination with other material; automobile tires and parts thereof.

Rubber waste and worn rubber goods.

Crucibles of blacklead mass.

Spiegel iron and ferromanganese, ferrochrome.

Sheet iron, cut or uncut, covered with pure or lead-mixed pewter.

Metal sheet and thin wares, not specially mentioned; other kinds, weighing less than 1 kilogram net apiece; other kinds. (Free are: Gilded or silver plated, enameled, nickel-d, coppered, brassed, bronzed, or lacquered, and parts of machines, not specially mentioned.)

Florets, sabers, swords, bayonets, cutlasses, and similar weapons (with or without sheaths); also parts thereof, gilded, silver plated, nickel-d, or etched; other kinds.

Firearms, including revolvers and pistols; machine guns without carriages; also completed parts of such firearms, revolvers and pistols, machine guns, other kinds (on the other hand, not hunting guns, air and spring guns).

War material, not specially mentioned, and parts thereof; armor, other kinds, cannon, howitzers and mortars, projectiles, cartridge cases; empty, fitted for ammunition ready for use; carriages, limber carriages and ammunition wagons; torpedoes, other kinds.

Copper and alloys of zinc, tin, or other baser metals, such as brass, bronze, electroplate, Britannia metal, etc.; aluminum, antimony, and chrome; unworked or raw, copper, and such refined copper, which, according to certificate of origin, has been manufactured from raw material (not waste) at a Swedish refining work; brass, aluminum, nickel, alloyed white metals; other kinds; copper anodes, casted, also furnished with ears, with or without holes; junk, all kinds.

Copper and alloys thereof, such as brass, bronze, electroplate, Britannia metal, etc.; aluminum. Following products thereof: Sheets and bands, bars, striking weight, nails and rivets, as well as bolts; pipes, wire, rolled or drawn; cloth.

Lead: Unworked, junk; worked, sheet; pipes and pieces of pipes; wires and bars, as well as lead wool; bullets and shot.

See copper and products thereof.

Gold in billets.

Gold coins. (Travelers may take with them 200 kroner in gold and silver coins.)

Silver in billets.

Silver coins. (Travelers may take with them 200 kroner in gold and silver coins.)

Motor cycles: Finished, parts thereof not specially mentioned.

Carriages and conveyances, without motors, for conveyance of goods; with motors, for conveyance of passengers; for conveyance of goods.

Mineral oils, au naturel or raw, petroleum waste (massut), other kinds; purified, light oils, lubricating oils, light, lubricating oils; dark, petrol benzine and gasoline, other kinds; paraffine, raw, purified; earth wax (ozokerit); ceresine.

Vaseline, also artificial, in barrels, in other vessels; machine and car grease; lubricating oil containing a mixture of greasy oils and mineral oils, provided the latter forms the principal part; other kinds of lubrications not specially mentioned, in which grease or oil are contained.

Vegetable, greasy oils, linseed oil raw, and linseed oil acid, boiled; turnip and rape seed oil, also turnip and rape seed oil acids; olive oil, earth nut or arachid oil, sesame oil and cotton-seed oil, in barrels, large or small; olive oil, earth nut or arachid oil, sesame oil, cotton-seed oil in other vessels; olive oil, other kinds; other kinds that can not be classed under any other heading, such as castor oil, hemp oil, corn oil, and soya oil; corn oil, soya oil, other kinds.

Vegetable grease, such as palm oil, coconut oil, cocoa butter, Japan wax, and other vegetable fats, which at ordinary temperature do not exist in liquid condition; palm oil; coconut oil; purified, for food, other kinds; other vegetable fats.

Animal oils, such as whale oil, walrus oil, and lard oil; whale oil, other than fish-liver oil; whale oil; lard oil; other kinds.

Animal fats not taken up elsewhere, such as spermaceti, lard of marine animals; bone fat, bone fat, other kinds; wool grease, also lanoline; tannic grease.

Glycerine: Raw, purified.

Sulphur.

Lysol.

Sulphuric acid and sulphuric acid anhydrid.

Citric acid.

Salicylic acid.

Common salt (chloride of sodium): Rock salt in pieces or ground, sea salt, saline salt (so-called dairy salt), and table salt; bromide of potassium salts; iodine, potassium iodine, sodium iodine.

Tartar stibico kalicus.

Quicksilver.

Peroxide of hydrogen.

Carbolic acid, cresol, and metacresol.

Colophony; ordinary turpentine rosin.

Turpentine except that which according to certificate of origin is made in Sweden.

Paraformaldehyd.

Camphor, purified.

Common gunpowder, guncotton, smokeless powder, dynamite, and other explosives not specially mentioned; detonating caps (ignition caps), igniting materials not specially mentioned for projectiles and firearms, such as percussion and precipitation fuses, time fuses, double fuses, fuses and cartridges; cartridges not specially mentioned, loaded or not; not loaded, loaded; match cord and blasting fuse.

Vegetable tanning materials, such as oak bark, myrobalanes, and quebracho wood, whole or in pieces, ground or divided in any other way, and extracts of tanning materials, liquid or solid; also gall nuts; oak bark, myrobalanes, quebracho wood; whole or in pieces, rasped, divided; vallonea, extracts of tanning materials; oak wood, catecu, quebracho, other kinds; gall nuts, other kinds.

Tannic acid.

Acetylsalicyl acid, aloe, antifebrin, bougie, hexametylenetetramin, iodoform, quinine and its salts, caffeine, tincture of opium and other preparations of opium for medical purposes, salvarsan and neosalvarsan, serum and vaccine, sublimate pastiles, and teobraninsalic natron.

Salicyl acid salt and vismut salts.

Arecoline and its salts, atropine and its salts, diaethylmethylkarbamid and its salts, chloroform, cocaine chloride, quicksilver salts, morphine, and other products of opium, such as codein, etc., and physostigmin.

Needles for surgical purposes.

Fever thermometers.

Junk.

Opium.

Caigut.

From October 22, 1914, the following goods have also been prohibited from export: Bandage articles (with the exception of chemical wood pulp wadding, bandage gauze, bandage tissue, and articles made from same), and rubber articles for medical and hygienic purposes.

SWITZERLAND.

Arms and their component parts, gunstocks, walnut wood, ammunition, explosives, and pyrogenic articles, sulfur, saltpeter, and soda.

Aluminium sulphate and hydrate. Salts of tin.

Antimony and other ores, yellow and red phosphorus.

Copper, tin, zinc, lead, iron (scrap iron), iron and steel wire of all kinds, rails and iron beams.

Telephone apparatus, as well as component parts thereof, notably microphones, field cables, insulating rubber, electric batteries. Electric ignition plugs for automobiles.

Boats and vehicles with or without motor, for the transportation of passengers or freight, not including bicycles.

Sanitary equipment (not including medical and surgical instruments), medicaments (except serums and vaccines), disinfectants.

Electric cables of all kinds and insulated electric wires.

Parts of automobiles and benzine motors for automobiles.

Furniture and tank cars returning empty to foreign parts or exported in order to be filled may until further orders go out without special authorization.

Acetanilide (antifebrin).

Acetone.

Acetylsalicylic acid.

Citric acid.

Salicylic acid and salicylate of soda.

Tartaric acid.
 Adrenaline, natural or artificial, and other extracts from
 suprarenal glands (suprarenine, paranephrine, epire-
 nane, etc.).
 Agar.
 Aloes.
 Aluminium, acetotartrate of.
 Antipyrine.
 Apomorphine.
 Arecoline and its salts.
 Atropine and its salts.
 Peruvian balsam, natural or artificial.
 Bismuth and its salts.
 Bromin and its salts.
 Caffein and its salts.
 Chloroform for narcosis.
 Cocaine and its salts and compounds.
 Codeine and its salts.
 Collodion.
 Cresol and its soapy solutions.
 Diethylmalonylurea and its salts, veronal.
 Dimethylamidoantipyrine, pyramidon.
 Dionine.
 Sulfuric ether, pure or crude.
 Formaline (formaldehyde, formic aldehyde, formal), liquid.
 Glycerine, pure.¹
 Heroine.
 Castor oil.
 Iodin and its salts.
 Iodoform.
 Ipecacuanha root.
 Lanoline (wool grease).
 Mastic.
 Mercury and its salts.
 Morphine and its salts.
 Naphthaline.
 Novocaine.
 Opium and opium powders, extracts, tinctures.
 Paraffin, solid or liquid.
 Paraformaldehyde.
 Permanganate of potassium.
 Phenacetine.
 Phenol (phenic acid), pure.
 Phosphorus.
 Spanish pepper.
 Quinine, chlorohydrate and sulfate of.
 Cinchona (Peruvian bark).
 Rhubarb root.
 Salol.
 Saltpeter.
 Salvarsan, neosalvarsan.

Santonin.
 Scopolamin (hyoscin).
 Sesquisulphid.
 Sodium chelorate.
 Sodium sulphide
 Sheet iron.
 Sheet steel. (Including corrugated, ribbed, and warded
 sheets, corrugated pipes, whether plain, galvanized,
 leaded, zinked, varnished, perforated, cut in widths,
 punched, bent, etc., wrought iron and steel pipes
 under 40 centimeters inner diameter.)
 Vegetable, animal, and mineral waxes, whether raw,
 bleached, colored, or otherwise prepared.
 Spurred rye.
 Worm seed.
 Sulfate of copper.
 Tannin.
 Theobromin and its salts and compounds.
 Tropacocaine and its compounds.
 Vaseline.
 Mineral oils, tar oils, and resinous oils (benzine, petroleum,
 petroleum residues, naphtha, turpentine, etc.); tar,
 alcohol, fuel of all kinds (anthracite coal, lignite, coke,
 briquettes, firewood, etc.).
 Clothing and articles of equipment for the use of troops,²
 such as underclothes, winter gloves, stockings, foot-
 wear for men (weighing over 1,200 grams a pair),³
 woolen blankets.
 Wool, cotton (crude or bleached); jute sacks and jute
 textiles serving in their manufacture.
 Horses, mules, and asses, as well as their usual harness, and
 horseshoeing equipment.
 Live stock (large and small), poultry, and military and
 police dogs.
 Fodder of all kinds (hay, bran, marc [refuse from pressing
 grapes and other fruits], etc.), straw, bedding of all
 kinds, seeds, artificial fertilizers, bones, and bone
 dust.
 Foodstuffs.⁴ Biscuits, other fine sweetened and unsweet-
 ened cakes, milk.
 Shoemakers' glue and starch, starch powder, rubber
 solution.
 Leathers and skins.⁵
 Unworked leather of all kinds.
 Partially elaborated leather footwear for men.
 Partially elaborated or finished leather parts of articles of
 equipment for troops and military teams.
 Searchlights.
 Combed wool.
 Yarn, fabrics,⁶ and articles of pure or mixed wool.
 The exportation of hardtack without sugar is prohibited.

¹ Until further orders crude glycerine shall not fall under the export embargo.

² Cotton goods of all kinds may be exported until further orders without special authorization.

³ See also partially elaborated leather footwear for men, decision of October 20, 1914, hereinafter.

⁴ Until further orders the following foodstuffs may be exported without special authorization: Soft cheeses, such as Tilsit, Munster, and Monk-
 head; cheeses like the Schabziger de Glaris and Appenzell cheeses; hard cheeses in slices weighing 5 kilograms at most. Fresh fruits in shipments up
 to 100 kilograms; fresh and trampled grapes. Snails; game animals and game birds.

⁵ Skins of wild animals, fresh and dry, may be exported until further orders without special authorization.

⁶ Until further orders unbleached fabrics of combed wool may be exported without special authorization.

Chocolate (including cake chocolate) and substitutes for coffee also fall under the prohibitions. Timber—raw, hewn, split, sawed, and shaped.

India rubber and its substitutes.

Pneumatic and other rubber tires for vehicles and velocipedes.¹

Saltpeter, not purified.

Tan, tan bark.

Waste from wool, combings.

Artificial wool.

Crude carborindon.

Iron pyrites.

Chromite, ferromanganese, tungsten iron; raw.

Copper, lead, zinc, tin, as well as the alloys of these metals, crude or in plates, disks, bars, wire, sheets, etc.

Nickel and its alloys, crude or in plates, bars, sheets, wire, etc.

Aluminum and its alloys, crude or in plates, bars, sheets, wire, etc.

Sulfid of antimony (native antimony.)

Benzine motors for automobiles.

Parts of automobiles, such as chassis, bodies, etc.

Nitrate and nitrite of lead.

Compressed protoxide of nitrogen (laughing gas), also in liquid form.

Nitrates, such as nitrate of potassium and of sodium, nitrate of calcium.

Nitrites, such as nitrite of soda, nitrite of calcium.

Nitric acid; mixed acid (mixed with sulfuric acid or hydrochloric acid).

Hydrochloric (muriatic) acid.

Sulfuric acid; sulfurous acid in solution in water or compressed, also liquified.

Chlorosulfuric acid (sulfuric chlorohydrin); oil of vitriol (smoking sulfuric acid).

Tannic acid (tannin), gallic acid, etc.²

Extracts of substances containing tannin, liquid and solid.

Vegetable and animal oils and fats for industrial uses.

Oils and fats of all kinds, worked up, for lubricating purposes.

Cotton and linen rags; old cordage and other waste material used in paper manufacture; maculature (waste paper).

Rag pulp.

Kaolin.

Lense and prism opera glasses.

Purified pine resin (colophony).

Candles and wax tapers of all kinds, except Christmas-tree candles.

Soap of all kinds.

Products of all kinds for lye.

All kinds of coffee substitutes; chicory roots, fresh and dried; torrefied figs.

Chocolate.

The term "chocolate" figuring under letter i of article 1 of the decision of the Federal Council of September 18, 1914, should be stricken out.

Vinegar, acetic acid, and essence of vinegar, containing more than 12 per cent of pure acetic acid.

Articles made of soft rubber, even combined with other substances, with the exception of elastic textiles.

Retort carbon.

Tinplate in sheets or cut out.

Electric cables of all kinds and insulated electric wires, of pure or alloyed copper.

Catechu, including gambier; kino.

Coal-tar pitch.

Pyrolignite of lime.

Acetic acid, crude or purified, with an empyreumatic odor.

Flax, hemp, jute, ramie (Chinese nettle), Manila hemp, and other similar textile substances and their waste products, crude, steeped, peeled or hatched, combed, bleached, colored, etc.; oakum.

Yarns of the textile substances named under No. 396; unbleached.

Sulfuric acid which has already been used as a fertilizer or for other purposes.

Ash wood, crude, resplit, squared, or sawed.

Calves' stomachs, fresh or dried.

Unworked rennet (natural rennet), or powdered rennet, extract of rennet or other rennet preparations.

Hardtack without sugar, even pulverized.

Twine of flax, hemp, jute, ramie (Chinese nettle), Manila hemp, and other similar textile substances of No. 396, as well as their waste products:

Tried out with alum, etc.; washed in lye; bleached.

Colored, printed.

Twined.

Arranged for retail (on spools, in balls or skeins, etc.).

Ropemaker's articles made of the textile substances named under No. 396 above:

Ropes, cables.

Others, except nets.

Mica in sheets or tablets, oval or rectangular (cleavage mica); Crude, not glued together.

Articles of all kinds, including tubes, of aluminium or aluminium alloys.

Lac (varnish) in flakes, even ground.

Chlorate of potassium.

Blue vitriol and so-called fungivorous products; ammoniacal sulfate of copper; steatite with sulfate of copper.

Boots and shoes, all kinds, and parts thereof.

Camphor, raw, refined.

Cheese (all kinds) except Glarner, Kraeuterkaese or Schabzeiger, limited to three-fourths of normal exportation, one-third of which limit may be exported from April 1 to August 1, by members of Cheese Exporting Association.

Cotton batting.

Crucibles.

Graphite.

Surgical bandages.

¹ By the decision of January 22, 1915, the export embargo was extended to all articles made of soft rubber, even when combined with other substances, with the exception of elastic textile fabrics.

² See also catechu, including gambier, and kino.

INDEX TO ARTICLES EMBARGOED IN SWITZERLAND.

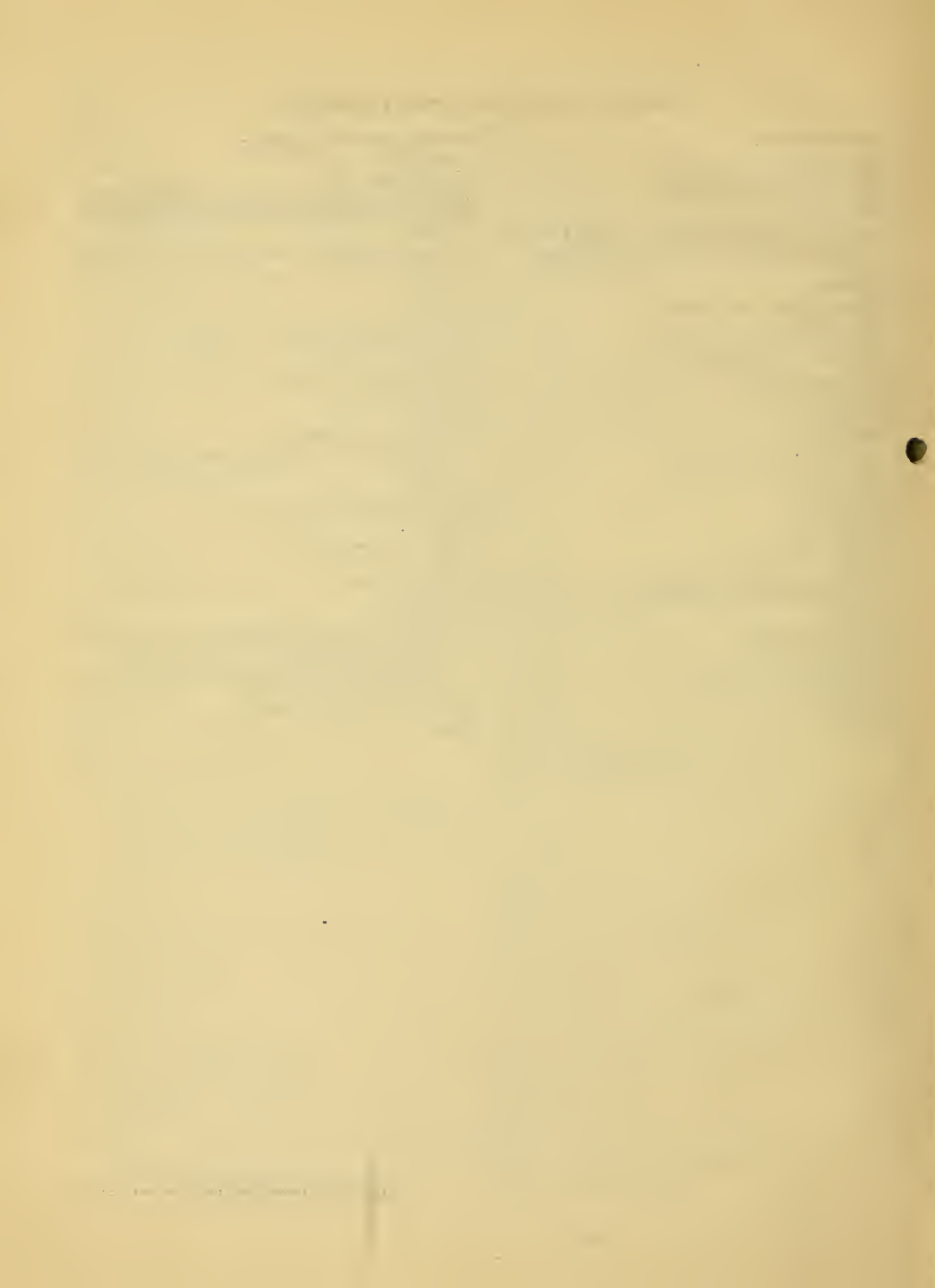
[This index is intended only as a guide in consulting the list, and does not in itself constitute a summary of the embargo in force; for in certain cases the embargo affects only certain specified qualities of the goods in question.]

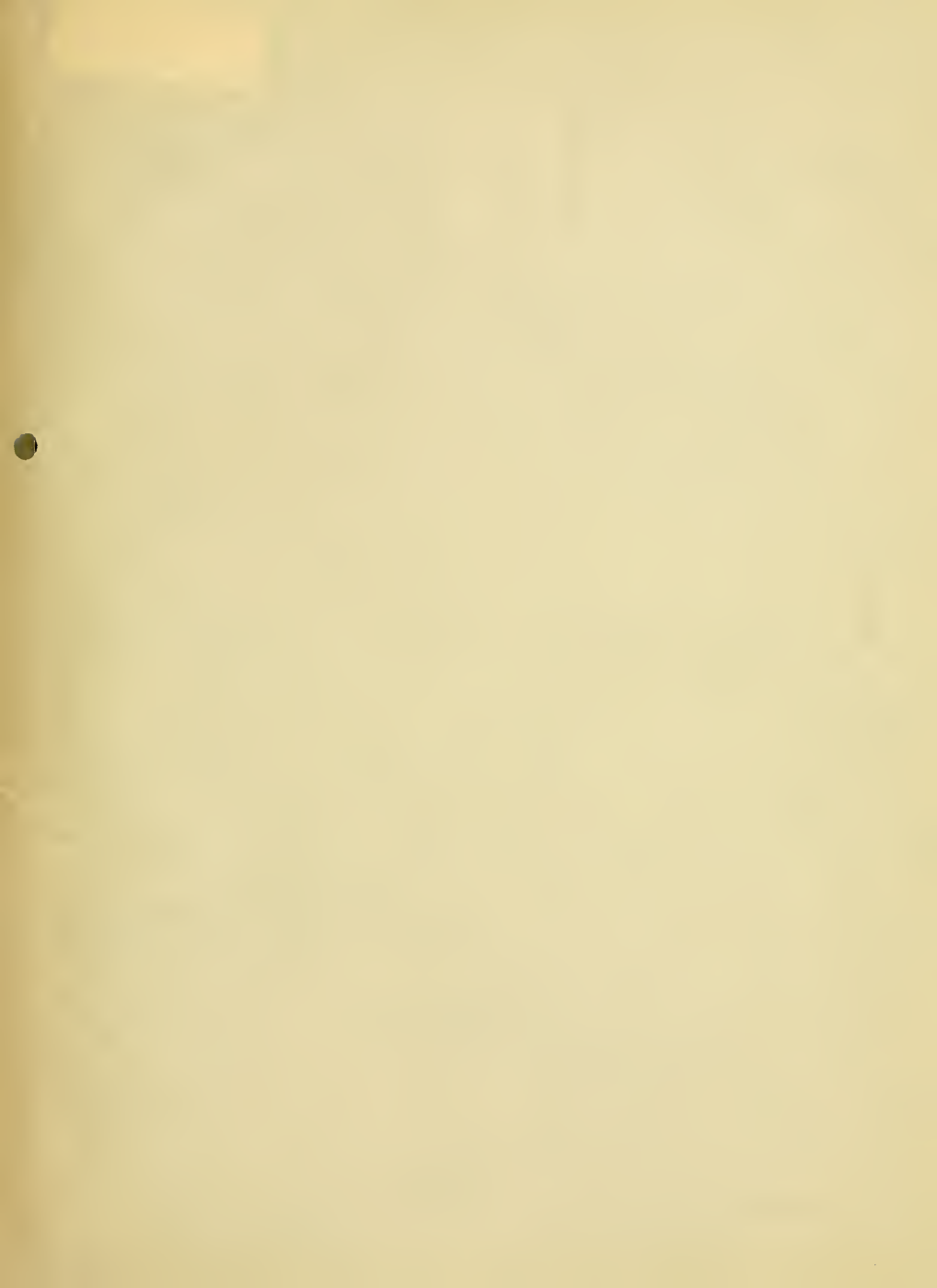
- Acetylsalicyl acid.
 Aloes.
 Aluminium. (*See Copper.*)
 Antifebrin.
 Antimony. (*See Copper.*)
 Drugs, not specially named.
 Arecolin.
 Atropin.
 Refuse: From spinning, vegetable, other than cotton—
 Wool.
 From rubber.
 Petroleum.
 Bayonets.
 Balata.
 Bark: Spruce, peruvian, oak, not specially named.
 Benzine (from petroleum).
 Leaves: Digitalis, senna.
 Lead.
 Oakum.
 Boas. (*See Furs.*)
 Bougies.
 Briquettes: Coal and peat.
 Britannia metal. (*See Copper.*)
 Potassium bromide salts.
 Bronze. (*See Copper.*)
 Fuels, not specially named.
 Bread, not specially named.
 Bolts of copper or copper alloys.
 Beans.
 Catgut.
 Ceresin.
 Citric acid.
 Cycles. (*See Motorcycles.*)
 Crucibles, of graphite paste.
 Wool grease (degras).
 Disinfectants, soap or saponaceous, not specially named.
 Diethylmalonyl carbamid.
 Dividivi.
 Animals, live. (*See Horses.*)
 Distiller's wash.
 Oakum.
 Cloth of copper or copper alloys.
 Dynamite.
 Oak bark.
 Acorns.
 Fenacetin.
 Fatty substances.
 Blankets, woolen.
 Foils.
 Fodder, cattle, not specially named.
 Carriage aprons, lap robes. (*See Furs.*)
 Wagons, not specially named.
 Colts.
 Bandage appliances.
 Limbers.
 Nutgalls.
 Yarn, jute.
 Woolen.
 Tanning substances, vegetable; tannic acid, tanning extracts.
 Gasolene.
 Guns (rifles).
 Glycerin.
 Graphite composition, crucibles of.
 Spruce bark.
 Groats of grain, rice, not specially named.
 Gold.
 Rubber, regenerated.
 Guttapercha.
 Lead shot.
 Straw.
 Hemp and hemp oakum.
 Gloves, fencing, boxing.
 Resin.
 Fulminating and igniting caps.
 Howitzers.
 Oats, oat groats, bran, and meal.
 Hexametylenetetramin.
 Stallions.
 Tires, rubber, solid.
 Hides and skins, not furs. (*See also Leather and furs.*)
 Outlasses.
 Cow hair.
 Horses.
 Horse shields (?) and parts thereof.
 Hay.
 Lard.
 Iodin, iodid of potassium, iodid of sodium, iodoform.
 Jute. (*See also Yarn, fabrics, and sacks.*)
 Iron: Spiegeleisen, ferromanganese, chromite.
 Iron plates.
 Cacao butter.
 Cakes, oil, including compressed corn-meal cakes.
 Camphor.
 Cannon.
 Cloaks. (*See Furs.*)
 Carbohc acid.
 Rubber.
 Chemical-technical preparations not specially named.
 Peruvian bark, quinia, and its salts.
 Bran.
 Chlorid of sodium.

- Chloroform.
 Codein.
 Caffein.
 Cocaine chlorid.
 Coal: Anthracite and gas coal, coke, steam coal, charcoal, coal briquettes.
 Colophony.
 Copper and its alloys.
 Barley, groats, and meal thereof.
 Coke, coke coal.
 Cattle feed, not specially named.
 Cresol, cresol solution.
 War material, not specially named, and parts thereof.
 Chrome. (*See* Copper.)
 Chromite.
 Gunpowder.
 Epsom salts.
 Lead bullets.
 Machine guns without carriages.
 Quebracho wood.
 Mercury, mercury salts.
 Lanolin.
 Lard oil.
 Gun carriages.
 Alloys of copper. (*See* Copper.)
 Flax, flax oakum.
 Rags.
 Lysol.
 Leather and skin articles. (*See also* Hides and skins, as well as furs.)
 Corn, corn bran, corn meal, corn oil.
 Macaroni.
 Malt.
 Massut (petroleum refuse).
 Metacresol.
 Meal:
 Corn-germ meal, meal of corn cakes, and other oil cakes.
 Rice meal.
 Meal of grain, arrowroot, and other vegetable substances not classed under any other head.
 Potato flour.
 Morfine.
 Muffs. (*See* Furs.)
 Mungo.
 Coin, gold or silver.
 Myrobalans.
 Brass. (*See* Copper.)
 Mortars.
 Caps. (*See* Furs.)
 Neosalvarsan.
 Nickel. (*See* Copper.)
 Rivets of copper or copper alloys.
 German silver. (*See* Copper.)
 Needles, surgical.
 Cattle hair.
 Peanuts.
 Oil cakes, meal thereof.
 Oleic acid: Flax, rape, turnip.
- Oils:
 Animal.
 Mineral.
 Vegetable—Fatty.
 Lubricating.
 Turpentine oil.
 Opium, together with products and medical preparations therefrom.
 Peroxid of hydrogen.
 Ozokerit.
 Armor plates (war material).
 Paraffin.
 Paraformaldehyd.
 Cartridges, not specially named.
 Cartridge shells for cannon, etc.
 Cup-shaped utensils for the preparation of cartridges.
 Pelusker (kind of pulse).
 Petroleum refuse, petroleum benzine.
 Physostigmin.
 Whips.
 Pistols.
 Plates:
 Lead.
 Iron.
 Copper.
 Plate and sheet metal articles, not specially named.
 Potatoes.
 Potato starch, potato flour.
 Projectiles.
 Furs. (*See also* Hides and skins, and leather and skin articles.)
 Revolvers.
 Riding whips.
 Sighting devices for ordnance.
 Rice, unhulled: Rice groats, rice bran, rice meal.
 Rye, rye bran, rye flour.
 Fuses and parts thereof: Ignition, percussion, time, etc.
 Tubes:
 Lead.
 Rubber.
 Copper and copper alloys.
 Roots, not specially named.
 Sabers.
 Saddles and saddler's articles.
 Salicyl preparations and salts.
 Salicylic acid.
 Saline salt (dairy salt).
 Salt: Rock salt, table salt, bromide of potassium salt, sea salt, cooking salt, saline (dairy) salt.
 Epsom salts.
 Salt: Salicyl, mercury, bismuth salts.
 Salvarsan, neosalvarsan.
 Shoddy.
 Harnesses.
 Serums and vaccins.
 Silk.
 Silver.
 Mercury and mercury salts.

Skis and ski canes.
 Skins, not furs.
 Shoes, men's, of dubbed leather.
 Junk. (*See* The various metals.)
 Butter, cacao.
 Lubricants, not specially named, into which enter fat or oil; lubricating oils; machine and wagon grease.
 Grain.
 Spermaceti.
 Spikes of copper or copper alloys.
 Spirit, sulphite.
 Explosives, not specially named.
 Spun goods. (*See* Textiles.)
 Fat of marine animals.
 Anthracite coal.
 Wool dust (flock).
 Razor strops.
 Stockings, men's woolen.
 Bars of copper and copper alloys.
 Bars of lead.
 Starch, potato.
 Sublimate tablets.
 Surgical needles.
 Sulfur.
 Sulfuric acid, sulfuric acid anhydrid.
 Acids. (*See* Name of acid, and the group Oleic acids.)
 Sacks of jute fabrics.
 Thermometers, fever.
 Turpentine resin, turpentine oil.
 Torpedoes.
 Peat and peat briquettes.
 Fish oil.

Wire, of copper and copper alloys:
 Safety fuse.
 Wire and ropes, of lead.
 Jackets, men's, of hosiery stuff, so-called Iceland jackets.
 Primers, not specially named, for projectiles and fire arms.
 Wool, sheep's, artificial, refuse of, wool dust. (*See also* Yarn and fabrics.)
 Lead wool.
 Vaccine.
 Wagons, ammunition.
 Wagons, not specially named.
 Vallonea.
 Whale (spermaceti), whale oil.
 Gloves, men's, of wool.
 Vaseline.
 Wax, Japan, earth (ozocerite).
 Motorcycles, together with parts thereof, not specially named.
 Vermicelli.
 Wheat, wheat groats, bran, flour.
 Vetches.
 Timber, undressed, aspen.
 Swords.
 Peroxid of hydrogen.
 Textiles, jute.
 Woolen.
 Woolen, hemmed or bordered, but without other sewing, not specially named.
 Woolen, cut out or stamped, but without sewing, not specially named.
 Carriages, not specially named.
 Pease.





LIBRARY OF CONGRESS



0 020 916 008 0